

ASSISI for Schools

A Strategic Systems-based Integrated Sustainability Initiative

Context: Call for a radical conversion

Over his 28 year pontificate John Paul II made numerous appeals for better care of creation and more responsible stewardship of the Earth community in his encyclicals, homilies & speeches.

We must encourage and support the "**ecological conversion**" which... has made humanity more sensitive to the catastrophe to which it has been heading (Pope John Paul II, January 2001).

From this fact there comes what we might call their "ecological vocation", which in our time has become ever more urgent (Pope John Paul II, August 2002).

How are we to take on our ecological vocation, and experience ecological conversion? How can we shift from a quest for dominance in relation to others, and in relation to the universe, to a quest for communion? How can we move towards the spirituality of communion so compellingly articulated in Novo Millenio inuente?

Communion is the fruit and demonstration of that love which springs from the heart of the Eternal Father and is poured out upon us through the Spirit whom Jesus gives us, to make us all "one heart and one soul". ¹ This communion is the mystery of love given in participation and received in sharing. It is not the fruit of an institution, an organization. Let us have no il usions: unless we follow this spiritual path, external structures of communion will serve very little purpose. They would become mechanisms without a soul, "masks" of communion rather than its means of expression and growth. ²

A Catholic response to the call

We can only respond to this call in communion with others. A spirituality of communion indicates above all the heart's contemplation of the mystery of Trinity dwelling in us, and whose light we must also be able to see shining on the face of the brothers and sisters

1 Novo Millenio ineunte n. 42

2 Novo Millenio inuente n. 43

around us...This makes us able to share their joys and sufferings, to sense their desires and attend to their needs, to offer them deep and genuine friendship³. It is this call to a spirituality of communion that brings us into genuine community that is beyond institutional forms, and that provides the vehicle for this radical conversion. Conversation is the means for bringing to life a spirituality of communion. Conversion is what happens whenever authentic conversation occurs. Community is the place where conversation continually provokes conversion.

It is in response to this call that Catholic Earthcare Australia has initiated ASSISI, a sustainability initiative which places schools at the hub of sustainable communities. Sustainable communities are learning communities in living relationship with others, with God, and with all creation. This reflects what Thomas Berry identifies as the 'great work' of humanity in our time: "to carry out the transition from a period of human devastation of the Earth to a period when humans would be present to the planet in a mutually beneficial manner". ⁴ His goal is to restore the intimacy of humans with the natural world in a 'single community of existence'.

ASSISI is just such a response to the 'great work' of humanity. It intentionally works with a number of schools to constitute a 'learning community', and engages with the broader community of which the school is a part, to build sustainable communities. ASSISI does not come with 'solutions' to ecological sustainability, but rather provides the learning infrastructure for schools, their local parishes and church organisations, and the broader community, to come to understand the critical issues facing them and how they might address them together. In this way, ASSISI seeks to integrate work and learning, and honour the two key principles of learning, namely that it is contextual and that it is social.

Catholic Earthcare Australia: Responding to the call for radical conversion

Earthcare envisions an environment that is closer to the plan of the Creator. Earthcare embodies the vision by:

- a. inviting others to participate in the journey towards ecological conversion and the holistic care of social, human and environmental ecology;
- b. promoting the understanding among people that creation is sacred and endangered and must be protected and sustained for present and future generations yet unborn.

Catholic Earthcare Australia (Earthcare) was established by the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference in May, 2002 and received its present Mandate in May, 2003. Earthcare invites all people of good faith to journey with it and work on the urgent and critical tasks of safeguarding the integrity of creation, protecting Earth's fragile ecosystems, and providing a voice for communities and victims of environmental degradation, injustice and pollution.

Earthcare works with schools, parishes, congregations and church agencies throughout Australia to achieve ecological sustainability.

³ Novo Millenio inuente n.43

⁴ Thomas Berry (1999) The Great Work: our way into the future

The vision for Earthcare is to:

- stimulate and sustain ecological conversion;
- · respect the central role of humankind in safeguarding creation;
- work towards making the life of all creatures more dignified;
- · protect the radical goodness of life in all manifestations, especially human life;
- work for a sustainable ecology for present and future generations;
- discover the voice of the Creator transmitted in the natural world through the life,
 death and resurrection of Jesus Christ;
- · celebrate the community of life;
- · strive for sustainable development that seeks to overcome poverty and injustice;
- prepare an environment for future generations that is closer to the plan of the Creator.

1. Broad aim of ASSISI

The overarching aim of ASSISI for Schools is to provide a foundation for and a pathway to best practice in education for sustainability in Catholic schools. Ecological education in Catholic Schools has been defined as a life-long process of recognising values and clarifying concepts in order to develop skills and attitudes necessary to understand and appreciate the inter-relatedness of all creation, and to know of creation as a gift from God which requires equitable sharing and right relationship. It also entails practice in decision making for living a life that is ecological y and ethically sustainable.⁵

The approach we take in achieving our aim is not one based on compliance with externally imposed models and frameworks. The 'learning communities' approach involves a co-created process that enables schools to work meaningfully with State and National frameworks and make autonomous decisions appropriate to their own context. This enables the ecological conversion required for full ownership and embedding of ecological sustainability into all aspects of school life in the context of, and in collaboration with, the broader community.

In order to achieve this broad aim, ASSISI will:

5 Th	nis definition	of ecological	education	is taken from	On Holy	v Ground	Victoria

- · Test and further develop, through an initial pilot programme, the frameworks for schools that have been developed and articulated in On Holy Ground NSW, Queensland, and Victoria. A single cohering framework that allows for regional variation is the goal;
- Apply a collaborative approach involving the broader community as a learning community, that enables a move from a compliance based approach to ecological sustainability, to ful ownership of the sustainability initiative at local level;
- Develop a set of common principles, a model and generic framework (including an implementation plan), workshop and other materials, and a set of indicators, that can be adapted and used in Catholic schools across each diocese in Australia. This generic framework will be modified for parishes, congregations and church organisations in collaboration with these organisations, who will participate in ASSISI as part of each learning community; and
- · Draw from the State Government Sustainable Schools program.

2. Goals of ASSISI for Schools and their broader communities

- That the school community develops values, beliefs and attitudes that manifest as an
 ecological vocation including seeing creation as a gift, having a relationship with our
 environment and a real sense of responsibility for its future;
- That the school community, and the community of which it forms a part, develops awareness, knowledge and skills that facilitate whole of life ecologically sustainable decisions that improve our local, regional and global environments;
- That schools undergo ecological conversion and achieve ecological sustainability in all 6 areas identified in the ASSISI model;
- That schools develop ongoing reflection and learning processes that include monitoring, evaluation and sustainability indicators;
- That schools develop relationships with the broader community that foster ecological conversion and ecological sustainability;
- That schools further develop a learning and collaborative culture within each school community and as part of a broader learning community, as a product of participating in ASSISI;
- That, through participation as part of a learning community, schools and their local communities continue to evolve creative ways of working together to achieve ecologically sustainable solutions to suit their particular contexts.

3. Components of ASSISI for Schools

The following components are available through ASSISI for Schools

- A 6-module formation program. This has been offered in a modular format over time, and also as a day-long program (offered as a staff Spirituality Day), followed by shorter workshops to consolidate an action plan for the school that sits within the school's Strategic Improvement Plan
- The One Earth program: a passion building program that engages the whole school community: students, staff and parents and is lead by students
- An immersion program: Creation and Reconciliation, which is an experiential program that brings together ecology, theology and justice
- · A Steering Group formation process as a vehicle for stimulating and sustaining the School Environmental Management Plan (SEMP)
- A Curriculum program as part of PD for teachers to enable schools to integrate sustainability across all key learning areas and in line with the National Curriculum Framework
- Earthcare has signed an MoU with Carbon Systems Australia to institute a system
 across the whole Catholic Church in Australia, in order to measure, track and report
 on energy, water and carbon performance on an ongoing basis. The Energy and
 Carbon Intelligence System (ECIS) is a low cost automated data collection tool for
 tracking, monitoring, benchmarking and reporting each Catholic organisation's
 ecological footprint. This provides essential information for decision making and
 driving reduction programmes

4. Benefits for schools

The benefits for schools include:

- The school community developing values, beliefs and attitudes that manifest as ecological vocation;
- An experience of ecological conversion as a product of the approach of co-creation and collaboration;
- The opportunity to achieve curriculum requirements in the key learning areas;
- Reduced consumption of resources and improved management of the school grounds and facilities;
- · Teachers and students working on real-life problems and outcomes;
- · Professional development opportunities for the whole school staff;
- · The school as a model for sustainability within the local community;
- The opportunity to participate as a member of a learning community that involves not only the broader school community, but local parishes, church and other organisations.